

PRODUCT: 477 100-tablet bottles of Improcal tablets at Richmond, Va. Examination showed that the product contained 60 percent of the declared amount of thiamine hydrochloride.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bottle) "100 Tablets No. 1004 Improcal As a supplement to the diet * * * Each Tablet Contains * * * Thiamin Hydrochloride . . . 1 MGM."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, thiamine hydrochloride, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Each Tablet Contains * * * Thiamin Hydrochloride. . . . 1 MGM" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than the declared amount of thiamine hydrochloride.

The libel alleged also that a quantity of Livocomp capsules was adulterated and misbranded under the provisions of the law applicable to drugs, as reported in notices of judgment on drugs and devices, No. 3833.

DISPOSITION: September 9, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19097. Adulteration and misbranding of Livron tablets. U. S. v. 50,000 Tablets
* * * . (F. D. C. No. 33005. Sample No. 49034-L.)

LABEL FILED: April 15, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 21 and 22, 1952, by Nysco Laboratories, Inc., from Newark, N. J.

PRODUCT: 50,000 Livron tablets at Long Island City, N. Y. Analysis showed that the product contained approximately 76 percent of the declared amount of thiamine chloride (vitamin B₁).

LABEL, IN PART: "Empire Chemical Company, Inc., New Brunswick, New Jersey Lot No. 23292 Livron Tablets Each tablet contains: Ferrous Sulfate U. S. P. 3 $\frac{3}{5}$ gr. Liver Concentrate 7 grs. Supplemented to contain approximately: Thiamine Chloride (B₁) 0.5 mg."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, thiamine chloride, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the product.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Supplemented to contain approximately: Thiamine Chloride (B₁) 0.5 mg." was false and misleading as applied to the product which contained less than 0.5 milligram of thiamine chloride per tablet.

DISPOSITION: February 9, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19098. Adulteration and misbranding of Multiplex tablets. U. S. v. 1 Drum, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33041. Sample No. 29203-L.)

LABEL FILED: May 14, 1952, District of Oregon.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 8, 1952, by the Neoco Corp., from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: Multiplex tablets. 1 drum, containing 16,000 tablets, 12 bottles, each containing 200 tablets, 6 cartons, each containing 1,000 tablets, and 1 can, containing 4,000 tablets, at Portland, Oreg.

LABEL, IN PART: (Drum) "Multiplex Improved S. C. Brown * * * Each 4 tabs Contains * * * 3.0 mg. Thiamine HCl."